AMENDMENT OF SOLICITATION/MODIFICATION OF CONTRACT

1. CONTRACT ID CODE

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2. AMENDMENT/MODIFICATION NO. 0024

3. EFFECTIVE DATE 05/01/2012

4. REQUISITION/PURCHASE REQ. NO.

5. PROJECT NO. *(If applicable)*

6. ISSUED BY CODE 00092

U.S.DOT/ Maritime Administration
Atlantic Div. Acquisition Office
MAR-380-2
7737 Hampton Blvd
Building 19 Suite 300
NORFOLK VA 23505-1204

7. ADMINISTERED BY *(If other than Item 6)* CODE 00092

U. S. DOT Maritime Administration
Atlantic Div. Acquisition Office
MAR-380.2
7737 Hampton Blvd
Building 19 Suite 300
Norfolk VA 23505-1204

8. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONTRACTOR *(No., street, county, State and ZIP Code)*

Crowley Technical Management, Inc.
Attn: Patricia Murphy
9487 Regency Square Blvd
Jacksonville FL 32225-8126

CODE 263707071 FACILITY CODE

(x) 9A. AMENDMENT OF SOLICITATION NO.

9B. DATED *(SEE ITEM 11)*

x 10A. MODIFICATION OF CONTRACT/ORDER NO. DTMA8C05004

10B. DATED *(SEE ITEM 13)* 07/28/2005

11. THIS ITEM ONLY APPLIES TO AMENDMENTS OF SOLICITATIONS

☐ The above numbered solicitation is amended as set forth in Item 14. The hour and date specified for receipt of Offers ☐ is extended, ☐ is not extended.

Offers must acknowledge receipt of this amendment prior to the hour and date specified in the solicitation or as amended, by one of the following methods: (a) By completing Items 8 and 15, and returning _____ copies of the amendment; (b) By acknowledging receipt of this amendment on each copy of the offer submitted; or (c) By separate letter or telegram which includes a reference to the solicitation and amendment numbers. FAILURE OF YOUR ACKNOWLEDGEMENT TO BE RECEIVED AT THE PLACE DESIGNATED FOR THE RECEIPT OF OFFERS PRIOR TO THE HOUR AND DATE SPECIFIED MAY RESULT IN REJECTION OF YOUR OFFER. If by virtue of this amendment you desire to change an offer already submitted, such change may be made by telegram or letter, provided each telegram or letter makes reference to the solicitation and this amendment, and is received prior to the opening hour and date specified.

12. ACCOUNTING AND APPROPRIATION DATA *(If required)*

See Schedule

13. THIS ITEM ONLY APPLIES TO MODIFICATION OF CONTRACTS/ORDERS. IT MODIFIES THE CONTRACT/ORDER NO. AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM 14.

CHECK ONE	
	A. THIS CHANGE ORDER IS ISSUED PURSUANT TO: *(Specify authority)* THE CHANGES SET FORTH IN ITEM 14 ARE MADE IN THE CONTRACT ORDER NO. IN ITEM 10A.
X	B. THE ABOVE NUMBERED CONTRACT/ORDER IS MODIFIED TO REFLECT THE ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGES *(such as changes in paying office, appropriation date, etc.)* SET FORTH IN ITEM 14, PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY OF FAR 43.103(b).
	C. THIS SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEMENT IS ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO AUTHORITY OF:
	D. OTHER *(Specify type of modification and authority)*

E. IMPORTANT: Contractor ☒ is not, ☐ is required to sign this document and return 0 copies to the issuing office.

14. DESCRIPTION OF AMENDMENT/MODIFICATION *(Organized by UCF section headings, including solicitation/contract subject matter where feasible.)*

HQ Admin Mod MAY 2012

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

1. Award Term Incentive Option 2 for continued performance of the contract during the period of 07/28/2012 to 07/27/2015 is hereby exercised based on a determination that performance under this contract has been found to satisfy the criteria to receive award of this final incentive award option period of performance.

2. Language at Section C-4.3.15, Security Clearances for Mission Operations, is revised. (See attached revised Section C.4 SAFETY, ENVIRONMENTAL AND SECURITY)

Continued ...

Except as provided herein, all terms and conditions of the document referenced in Item 9A or 10A, as heretofore changed, remains unchanged and in full force and effect.

15A. NAME AND TITLE OF SIGNER *(Type or print)*

16A. NAME AND TITLE OF CONTRACTING OFFICER *(Type or print)*

Sabrina Phillips

15B. CONTRACTOR/OFFEROR

(Signature of person authorized to sign)

15C. DATE SIGNED

16B. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

(Signature of Contracting Officer)

16C. DATE SIGNED 05/01/2012

NAME OF OFFEROR OR CONTRACTOR
Crowley Technical Management, Inc.

ITEM NO. (A)	SUPPLIES/SERVICES (B)	QUANTITY (C)	UNIT (D)	UNIT PRICE (E)	AMOUNT (F)
	3. Section G under G.6 DESIGNATION OF GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL has been updated to reflect the appointment of Sabrina Phillips as Procuring Contracting Officer effective May 01, 2012. (See attached revised Section G) 4. Technical Exhibit 7 (TE-7) is hereby replaced with the attached revised version. Payment: MARAD A/P INVOICES P.O.BOX 25710 OKLAHOMA CITY OK 73125 Period of Performance: 07/28/2005 to 07/27/2015				

C.4 SAFETY, ENVIRONMENTAL AND SECURITY

4.1 Introduction

Although the RRF program's primary function is to serve as a source of strategic sealift during national emergencies, the Maritime Administration fosters other long-term goals during the execution of the Program. These include: improvements to the sustainability and livability of U.S. communities; reduction in the number of RRF shipboard injuries and deaths; and reduction of the adverse effects of the RRF on ecosystems and the environment. To accomplish these goals, the Maritime Administration will work in partnership with the Ship Manager to maximize safe performance for all personnel, and foster high security and environmental standards and achievements. Should a Ship Manager have any question at any time with respect to public vessel compliance and regulatory statutes, questions shall be directed to MAR-611 with copy to the COTR. Note: The Maritime Administration, as vessel owner, promulgates an Occupational Health and Safety Program (OHS Program TE-1 Section 18). This Program is not approved by a third party - for International Safety Management (ISM) certification. If upon reading the Maritime Administration safety actions in the OHS Program, the Ship Manager finds a conflict between its ISM certificate and the Maritime Administration safety actions, the Ship Manager shall advise the Maritime Administration HQ (MAR-612) OHS COTR immediately. The Maritime Administration's OHS Program is not meant to replace or supersede the Ship Manager's ISM certificate. The Ship Manager's Safety Management Program which is the vessel's safety program takes precedence until the issue can be worked out. MAR-611 will take appropriate measures to arrange a waiver to individual requirements should one be needed.

The Ship Manager shall:

4.1.1 ISM Certificates

4.1.1.1 International Safety Management (ISM) Document of Compliance (DOC): Maintain a valid ISM DOC, for itself as a corporation, for the vessel types awarded for the performance period of the contract. The entity/offeror that will perform management of the ships must have a separate ISM DOC or interim DOC at NTP.

4.1.1.2 Vessel Safety Management Certificate (SMC): In accordance with appropriate USCG regulations and NVICs for public vessel voluntary ISM compliance, obtain and maintain for the performance period a valid ISM SMC or interim SMC for designated vessels in Sections C4.1.1.2.1 and C4.1.1.2.2. ABS fees in connection with this are reimbursable. (see Attachment J-9) Internal audits for DOC are not reimbursable; audits and other fees for the maintenance of the Ship Management Certificate are reimbursable.

4.1.1.2.1 For ROS vessels with a valid interim Ship Management Certificate review the assigned ships' Ship Management Certificate or renew, a valid interim Ship Management Certificate for the vessel within twelve (12) months.

4.1.1.2.2 For ROS vessels without an SMC or if a new Ship Manager has been assigned the vessel, Ship Managers will apply for and obtain a valid an interim SMC for their assigned ships within twelve (12) months.

4.1.1.3 ISM Safety Management System/Vessel Safety Plan: Update the ISM Safety Management System to incorporate characteristics of awarded vessels, and as conditions warrant. Copies of the safety management system shall be available to all crewmembers and to the Government. (CDRL SFTY-0001) The Ship Manger's ISM Safety Management System becomes the Vessel's Safety Plan for the performance period of the contract. The Maritime Administration will not review or approve as this document as it is part of the Ship Manager's ISM DOC. See also TE-1 Section 18 for the Maritime Administration requested procedures, such as a Vessel Pre-Fire plan, which if not already addressed by the Ship Manager during development of its ISM Safety Management System, should be incorporated..

4.1.1.4 The Maritime Administration will hold periodic meetings with the Ship Manager, the ISM designated person, ship's officers, the Maritime Administration COTR, and the Maritime Administration Safety COTR at a place of mutual agreement to discuss specified agenda items. The Maritime Administration Safety Officer will provide the agenda.

4.1.1.5 Notify the Maritime Administration COTR before internal audits are conducted. The Maritime Administration COTR may attend as an observer. See Section C 6.7.2.3.

4.1.2 Logs: Ship Managers shall maintain a deck log(s) at all times when a crew of any size is aboard. (CDRL SFTY-0002) Safety information shall be recorded, as applicable, in the deck log:

1) Emergency, Steering Gear, Abandon Ship, Firefighting, and Boat drills/training
2) Security Training/Drills
3) Monthly Safety Meeting Findings Training
4) Quarterly MSDS and warning label Training
5) Quarterly Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) and CBR-D Training
6) Duty officer notes - by exception and related to safety
7) Results of side-by-side emergency drills (combining crews) for ships nested or located near to each other.

4.1.3 Conduct, via the ship's Safety Committee, pre-firefighting training, drills, and actual practice with ship's equipment in full gear. Further, ship supervisors in all departments must know the location of the ship's fire plan.

4.1.4 Post Station Bills: Ensure, via the senior deck officer, that all station bills are properly posted and emergency equipment (personal floatation devices, exposure suits) is functioning properly or replaced. Materials required for drills is either GF or reimbursable at the Government's direction - consult COTR.

4.1.5 Cooperation. The Ship Manager shall cooperate with the Maritime Administration to develop and implement to the maximum extent possible the policies, plans, and procedures of the Maritime Administration's OSH Program and to offer recommendations for its improvement. Ship Manager personnel shall attend, as directed and funded by the COTR, OSH conferences organized by MAR-612. These are normally twice a year trips to Washington DC.

4.1.6 Cargo Handling: The Ship Manager shall promulgate, to shipboard personnel, procedures incorporating all federal, state, and local statutes and regulations, and equipment manufacturers' safety requirements for cargo handling in U.S., foreign ports, and in-the-stream for the safe handling of all types of cargo, including HAZMAT.

4.1.6.1 Ship's cargo gear includes, but is not limited to cranes, winches, davits, booms, Roll-on/Roll-off (RO/RO) ramps, SEABEE or Lighter Aboard Ship (LASH) barges, elevators and transporters, underway replenishment (UNREP) and vertical replenishment (VERTREP) cargo gear, and Material Handling Equipment (MHE) items such as, forklift trucks, pallet jacks, and hand trucks.

4.1.6.2 The Ship Manager via crew supervisors is responsible for ensuring that the crew utilizes proper protective clothing during work. Advise COTR if special sizing of PPE is required.

4.1.6.3 Operate cargo support equipment when required for any cargo operation and in accordance with the applicable manufacturer's operating manuals and instructions.

4.1.6.4 Master is responsible to ensure his ship is properly loaded, secured, discharged, and cleaned.

4.1.7 Workforce Planning: Reconcile the potential of military exercises which often are scheduled for twenty four (24) hour periods two 10 hour shifts with 4 hours for maintenance with the crewing requirements of Title 46, Subtitle 1 Part F, Chapter 81, section 8104 Watches.

4.1.8 Unsafe Operations: Instruct the Master that any unsafe practice, by military or military contracted stevedores, noted by a ship's officer during cargo operations, shall be reported to the senior military official present and a copy of the incident kept in the ship's files. If unsafe practices continue, the Master has the authority to cease cargo operations until the situation is corrected.

4.1.9 Cargo Operations/Plans: Recognizing that stow plans are fluid, ensure, via the Master, that a copy of the loading/stow plan (and master cargo stowage plan for firefighting and damage control) is obtained from DOD Surface Distribution and Deployment Command (SDDC, formerly MTMC) terminal supervisors and/or MSC representatives prior to sailing.

4.1.10 Personal Flotation Devices: All personnel working in an operating environment including ship ramps, or lighters, shall wear USCG-approved, buoyant, personal floatation devices equipped with a light and whistle. DOD personnel, unfamiliar with ocean environments frequently are unaware of this regulation. The Master shall enforce this safety procedure. The ship's crew shall set an example by wearing such equipment themselves when working in lifeboats, over the side, or on ramps.

4.1.11 Seaman's Injury Claims and Maintenance and Cure

4.1.11.1 Process Seaman's Injury Claims and Maintenance and Cure (M&C) in accordance with Attachment J-3 and provide administrative claims and litigation support in accordance with Attachment J-3 and Section G.7 of the contract.

4.1.11.2 Reports. Be responsible for documenting on a quarterly basis (CDRL SFTY-0003) all costs incurred in providing emergency services or other medical treatment, transportation, and all other costs incidental thereto.

4.1.11.3 Provide a report and maintain its currency at least quarterly for as long as a specific case is active. More frequent updates than quarterly are encouraged particularly during the initial stages of an injury or illness. This ensures funding is available and owner exposure is minimized. (CDRL SFTY-0004)

4.1.11.3.1 The report will initially be provided by email. It will be accessed and used by MAR-380, 580, 610, 611, 613, and 220 personnel during planning and litigation. If any part is password protected, provide password to MAR-611.

4.1.11.3.2 At the end of the contract performance period provide a full electronic report of outstanding litigation and all open M&C actions including required payments to MAR-220, 611, and COTR (CDRL SFTY-0005)

4.1.11.3.3 The Ship Manager shall obtain, report, and manage the information and data required by Attachment J-3 to the extent that it is not available in RMS.

4.1.12 Severe Weather Plan. Note the terms "hurricane plan," "emergency evacuation plan," or "Plan for Getting underway" are interchangeable with "severe weather plan."

4.1.12.1 Develop, and if required execute, a Severe Weather Plan (CDRL SFTY-0006) which accounts for both remaining alongside and getting underway. Obtain approval of the USCG COTP. At the Ship Manager's discretion this plan may be part of the overall activation plan, or a separate document. In either case it must be easily recognizable. Note: the Mooring plan below may be part of the severe weather plan or stand as an independent document. This is the Ship Manager's choice.

4.1.12.1.2 For vessels located on the West Coast the Severe Weather Plan shall address the plan of action in anticipation of Earthquakes.

4.1.13 Mooring Plan

4.1.13.1 Obtain from COTR a copy of the outport vessel's Mooring Plan. The Maritime Administration does not have Mooring plans for all vessels contained in TE-4. However, the Maritime Administration will provide a copy of those it has. See TE-4, Column K. Obtain copy for review after NTP from MAR-612. Review this plan, correct if required, and resubmit as the Ship Manager's Mooring Plan. If a mooring plan is unavailable, contact MAR-612 for directions. Ensure that the vessel is properly moored in accordance with its parameters at all times. Comments should be provided to the COTR. Take additional action if winds are anticipated to exceed 70 mph. Note: the Maritime Administration uses the Navy's (NFESC) guidance to moor ships that are going to remain in port in heavy weather to a standard referred to as "Mooring Service Type III". The wind speed varies by port and ranges from 70 mph to 113 mph. A copy of the table is in Attachment J-15. However, during the performance period of the contract, the most recent copy can be obtained from MAR-612. Attachment J-15 will not be updated. NDRF moored vessels may obtain copy of Fleet Mooring plans, however, fleet personnel are responsible for the vessel's safe mooring. (CDRL SFTY-0007)

4.1.14 NDRF Safety Requirements. All contract or subcontractor personnel working at the Maritime Administration's NDRF work sites and onboard the Maritime Administration's outported ships shall follow safe work practices and abide by the NDRF's safety and health rules, as applicable, in the performance of their duties.

4.1.15 Cargo Safety. The Ship Manager shall comply with the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. et) for safety in loading and discharging of cargo.

4.2 Environmental

4.2.1 Pollution Prevention: All RRF ships shall comply with all federal, state, local, and foreign hazardous material and hazardous waste regulations unless waived in foreign ports. Masters of RRF ships shall conform to USCG and Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) laws and regulations where foreign regulations are less stringent.

4.2.2 General: Provide personnel resources with adequate environmental training to accomplish the functional tasks anticipated. This includes Port Engineering staff, ship manager staff supervisory or staff personnel, or ship's crew. The Ship Manager shall take all prudent actions to prevent violations of law. Violations of law will be reported to the appropriate enforcement agency for civil or criminal prosecution.

4.2.3 Policy Directives: Develop, and execute programs, policies, and procedures to ensure proper execution of pollution prevention measures in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements.

4.2.3.1 Incorporate the Maritime Administration provided directives (Vessel Response Plan/Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan VRP/NTVRP/SOPEP) (CDRL E-0001) into Ship Manager programs, policies, and procedures and promulgate as necessary. Advise COTR and MAR-612 of any conflicting guidance or deficiencies. Carry out the procedures contained therein with the VRP and NTVRP/SOPEP and, when specified in the activation order, COMSCINST 5090.1B CH-1 (All RRF Ships), COMSCINST 5090.5 CH-1 (Tankers) and COMSCINST 5090.6 CH-1 (Non-Tankers.) Copies of each of these documents are contained in the standard administrative yellow cabinet. Ship Managers desiring copies for corporate office retention must reproduce them at their expense. It is imperative that Ship Manager and Ship Manager employees be aware of the laws and programs for abating and controlling the release of harmful pollutants. For spills of any size, immediately notify the Maritime Administration COTR (or SOMO in the COTR's absence) and MAR-612 who maintains the Maritime Administration oil pollution insurance policy.

4.2.3.2 Oil Spill - The Maritime Administration maintains an oil pollution insurance contract for RRF vessels. For spills requiring the services of a response team, contact the following Maritime Administration personnel in order:

1) Your Area Division SOMO who is a QI with estimated clean-up cost (up to $250,000)
2) Andy Jordan (COTR) 202-366-5071 (costs over $250,000)
3) Gene Magee (ACOTR) 202-366-5073 (costs over $250,000 if Andy is not available).

For spills requiring a response team, phone your Area Division COTR and send an e-mail message to Adrian.Jordan@dot.gov.

4.2.4 Environmentally Related Research: RRF vessels may occasionally be used for environmental research by other governmental organizations. Be responsive and flexible during research conducted by Maritime Administration-approved sources.

4.2.5 Hazardous Materials (HAZMAT): The term "hazardous material", as used in this section, is as defined for hazardous chemicals in 29 CFR 1910.1200, the U.S. (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard, and the Emergency Planning and Community's Right-To-Know Act. No RRF ship shall transfer (donate) hazardous materials or hazardous waste to any private sector, state or local/city agency.

4.2.5.1 Hazardous Material -- Asbestos
The EPA has determined that asbestos is a hazardous air pollutant. All persons are cautioned that asbestos may be found on pipes, ducts, boilers, tanks, reactors, turbines, or structural members, engine exhausts, etc., or in the holds or compartments of the vessels to be managed.

4.2.5.2 HAZMAT Training: Provide personnel resources with adequate HAZMAT environmental training to accomplish the functional tasks anticipated.

4.2.5.2.1 Group Environmental Training: Provide ship and shoreside personnel as directed via task order to attend periodic booming demonstration(s) in connection with HAZWOPER refresher materials.

4.2.6 TE-1 Section 19: The Maritime Administration policy, procedures and directives involving environmental concerns are provided in TE-1 Section 19. Ship Managers shall incorporate Maritime Administration provided directives into Ship Manager programs, policies, and procedures and promulgate as necessary. Advise COTR of any conflicting guidance, or deficiencies.

4.2.7 Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS): Develop and execute programs, policies and procedures for receiving, handling, inventorying and reporting, Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) labeling, maintaining MSDS labels in readable condition during loading/unloading, proper securing and stowage of hazardous materials to the ship(s) in all Phases including the maintenance and appropriate filing of associated records. (CDRL E-0002)

4.2.8 Minimum HAZMAT During Retention: Maintain minimal amounts of HAZMAT onboard RRF vessels during all phases and this HAZMAT will be properly labeled, and handled. Additional general guidance includes:

a) Retained HAZMAT shall have a shelf life of two (2) years or more.
b) All ships entering the NDRF will be inspected by NDRF representative.
c) Stowage locations for all HAZMAT, solvents, and chemicals will be directed by COTR.

4.2.9 Disposal of HAZMAT: Ship Managers shall develop, manage, and execute programs, policies, and procedures to ensure the lawful disposal of HAZMAT including the retention of associated records. (CDRL E-0003)

4.2.9.1 The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) now requires all generators to use a new shipping document for transporting hazardous waste offsite, off ship, etc. The new shipping document known as a Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest became a requirement on September 5, 2006. The old forms can no longer be used by

generators, transporters and treatment disposal facilities. To obtain the form or if you have questions, Ship Managers should consult either their Area Division environmental specialist, their COTRs, or the following web address: http://www.epa.gov/epaoswer/hazwaste/gener/manifest/index.htm Both training link and the form itself are available on-line. The alternative method to obtain the website is to go to www.epa.gov and go to the link for wastes and under that section you will see Highlights on the right side of the page. Go to New Hazardous Waste Manifest Effective Sept 5, 2006 and read.

4.2.10 Air Testing: Ship Managers with ROS crews shall develop, manage, and execute programs for their environmental training and safety including ambient air baseline testing; orientations; drills as first responders to various emergencies including, but not limited to fire, oil spills, health; and maintain all associated personnel records.

4.2.11 Waste Management and Control: In accordance with Annex V of MARPOL 73/78 and 33 CFR 151.51 through 151.77 and industry best practices, develop, manage, execute and monitor the Master's execution of both an individual shipboard solid waste management plan and a shipboard recycling plan, which minimizes the use of plastics during all Phases; and addresses the collection, processing, storing and disposal of garbage or medical waste during activation, operation, and deactivation. If applicable, address execution variation during Phase M and vessel activation.

4.2.12 Environmental Responsibilities During Ship Repair Availabilities: The Ship Manager shall develop programs, policy, and plans for the identification and disposal of any unused, or unidentified HAZMAT or HAZMAT with an expired shelf life, during repair availabilities. The Ship Manager shall address, as applicable, two (2) scenarios in the development of its shipwork solicitation:

1) The removal of waste generated during vessel operations. Only upon written direction (no verbal permitted) from the COTR, the Ship Manager is responsible to obtain all appropriate EPA Identification Numbers and permits and/or state/local equivalent to track the removal of this waste. These numbers shall be provided to the repair facility. The repair facility shall price and accomplish the removal of this waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.
2) The removal of waste generated during the repair, by the repair facility.

Ship Managers shall require that the repair facility:

1) Comply with all applicable federal, state, and local environmental laws and regulations
2) Address the use of properly licensed (permitted) transporters and storage, treatment, disposal facilities and provides as a deliverable prior to the commencement of work:
3) Provide copies of all required EPA identification numbers permits and/or licenses and or state/local equivalent
4) Provide a copy of its waste removal plans, and any other plans and programs related to the required work

The Ship Manager shall ensure that his subcontractor prices and is responsible as the generator of all hazardous and solid waste that results from the activities of the subcontractor under the subcontract.

The Ship Manager shall provide copies of all documentation of work performed to the COTR or his representative pertaining to sampling, analysis, storage, transportation and disposal of all hazardous, industrial, and special wastes generated from work resulting from a subcontract. (CDRL E-0004)

Ship Managers must be knowledgeable in the regulations that pertain to vessel operations and shipyard/repair activities and ensure that these regulations are complied with. Questions regarding this section shall be forwarded to MAR-611 who will coordinate with MAR-820 and provide guidance.

4.2.13 General Vessel Permitting. Ship Managers are required to comply with EPA regulations regarding General Vessel Permitting. Attachment J-23 provides general guidance. MAR-612 (M. Franklin) and MAR 220 (M. Nobel) may be contacted for specific guidance. Copy any questions to your COTR.

4.3 Security

4.3.1 General. Owners (The Maritime Administration) and operators (Ship Managers) have the primary responsibility for ensuring the physical security and safety of vessels. The Maritime Administration and Ship Managers shall work together to develop a comprehensive national program for response to a variety of security conditions based upon homeland security levels.

4.3.2 Internal Security: Provide resources, programs and procedures to provide routine internal security for ROS vessels 24/7. Routine internal security involves responding to vessel alarms; maintaining operational shipboard equipment; and the prevention of unauthorized personnel from vessel entry. The vessel must be manned 24/7 by someone who can properly respond to a fire, security breach, or equipment failure.

4.3.2.1 Internal Security Includes: the gangway/gate guards, guard shacks when these are not supplied by other agencies/entities. (For example, the CAPT T berths in Houston, the Port provides the Gate guards, but in Charleston the Ship Manager provides the gate/ramp guards at the piers. Specific direction may be obtained from the Maritime Administration COTR or MAR-612.

4.3.3 "Heightened security" will be as directed by the Maritime Administration via the COTR and is reimbursable. Heightened security is anticipated only during Homeland Security assessment codes of orange and red and may include armed guards from military, private, or non-Ship Manager contract sources.

4.3.4 The Maritime Administration, as a vessel owner, complies with the Maritime Security Act of 2002, the International Ship and Port Security (ISPS) Code, and subsequent USCG regulations and requires its Ship Managers to execute this policy.

4.3.4.1 Identification of Company/Vessel Security Officers. Provide in RMS the name and contact data for the Company Security Officer(s) (ISPS Code Part A 1.3 paragraph 11) and individual Vessel/Ship Security Officer - one (1) per ship (ISPS code Part A 1.3 paragraph 12). It is strongly suggested that the property custodian for weapons/ammunition and force protection ATO should also be the Ship Security Officer, although they may be separate people. (CDRL SEC-0001) Note: Services of Company security officer should be pro-rated among all ships managed by the Ship Manager and included in G and A. The Ship Security Officer shall be included in the fixed price.

4.3.4.2 Vessel and Layberth Security Risk Assessments: Conduct periodic security risk management assessments for both vessel (ISPS Code Part A 1.3 paragraph 8, ISPS Code Part B and USCG NVIC 10-02), and if applicable, the outport (wharf/pier and any area which the Vessel Security Officer determines may pose a security risk). Perform an annual security audit of the Vessel Security Plan for each vessel in accordance with ISPS and subsequent USCG regulations.

4.3.4.2.1 Baseline security assessment of vessel internal spaces. After NTP, the Maritime Administration COTR/Ship Manager representative shall conduct a joint baseline assessment of security consisting of a joint inspection of all storage areas to ensure that all storerooms, cages, spare part boxes, etc. are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured. A joint security statement indicating completion of the inspections and certifying the condition of the secured spaces shall be prepared by the Ship Manager representative and provided to the Maritime Administration. (see Section C.2.7.1)

4.3.4.3 International Ship and Port Security (ISPS) Security Plan: The Ship Manager will be provided a copy of the USCG approved ISPS Security Plan in accordance with ISPS (Part A Section 9.4 and Part B Section 9) and the Maritime Transportation Security Act of 2002. The Ship Manager will review and re-submit this plan to the USCG. {Note: if USCG establishes a shorter required timeframe for this deliverable, the Ship Manager will be advised by the COTR. At the time of publication, rules have not yet been established for the transfer of this document.} IMO requires that audits and inspections be conducted to formally assess the effectiveness of the ISPS Security Plan. (see also Section C.1.5) (CDRL SEC-0002).

4.3.5 Reports: Maintain, via the Company Security Officer, the Continuous Synopsis Record in accordance with ISPS, (Chapter XI-1 Regulation 5 and Chapter XI-2) and shall report security incidents in accordance with ISPS Part A paragraph 12.2.8. (CDRL SEC-0003) If required for public vessels, the Maritime Administration (MAR-612) will perform the initial application.

4.3.6 Exterior Security Drills: Conduct both shoreside and waterside security drills in accordance with ISPS (Part A paragraph 13.4) and the vessel security plan.

4.3.7 The Maritime Administration Security Directives: Incorporate the following Maritime Administration security directives into security procedures against terrorism, hostage situations, demonstrations, stowaways, sabotage, piracy, and hostile acts at any time and especially in areas where incidents are likely to occur:

1) Post visible sign(s) - "Government-owned vessel. Restricted area. No solicitation. No unauthorized visitors."

2) RRF vessels do not carry spouses, dependents, friends or guests of either the crew or DOT/DOD personnel. In special circumstances, the Maritime Administration HQs MAR-610, may waive this requirement for specific events.

3) Official visitors - See TE-1 Section 2.

4) Non-official visitors must sign a Waiver of Responsibility for Injury, Accidents or Illness occurring while onboard the vessel and have the waiver approved by the Director, Office of Ship Operations prior to visiting the vessel. Non-official visitors are not authorized to remain overnight onboard any RRF vessel. The Director, Office of Ship Operations on the occasion of ceremonial events or other activities onboard RRF vessels may authorize exceptions.

5) Since RRF vessels are public vessels, they shall not be used for commercial purposes or personal profit. Any such use or attempted use will result in disciplinary action.

6) Ships lifeboats shall not be used for liberty, or recreation.

7) Report any breach of security on any Government property (leased or owned) to COTR and Fleet superintendent (if applicable).

8) Execute the Ship Manager's Physical Security Plan, and Bomb Threat Response Plan.

9) Determine threat level and provide for gangway security, extra watch standers, roving patrols, or request outside (non-ship's force) assistance, upon direction of COTR.

10) Positive security control of entrance into an RRF ship is required at all times in all phases. A visitor log shall be maintained entering the time of arrival/departure, name of person, and reason for visit. This includes vendors. The senior deck officer shall authorize the inspection of all persons and materials coming onboard and ensure

there are procedures in place to summon additional assistance. Personnel not assigned to the vessel shall present identification.

11) The senior deck officer shall ensure the Watch Standing Mate, when utilized, understands his/her responsibilities with respect to physical security of the vessel even when military personnel are present. Watch standing Mate must be familiar with standing orders, and be familiar with emergency procedures to summon assistance as well as to report threats to proper authorities.

12) Take any action within his/her authority and capability to prevent or minimize loss or damage to ship/cargo from theft, espionage, sabotage, terrorism, and other criminal activities.

13) Use the resources provided by Navy operational commanders, host nation or other sources to enhance the security of the ship.

14) The senior deck officer shall maintain signature custody records on the Maritime Administration provided weapons by serial number at all times. (MAR-612 is POC for weapons and ammunition.)

15) A locked stateroom door is not a secure place. The Master may, at his/her discretion, allow crewmembers to store personal items (cash, etc.,) in the vessel's safe. Masters are to ensure the crewmember understands that neither the Government nor the Ship Manager assumes liability for items stored in the vessel's safe.

16) The ROS crew participates in external security. ROS crewmember orientation shall be accomplished within fourteen (14) days of reporting onboard. ROS crewmembers shall be provided Ship Manager-developed procedures for several "routine" security conditions, i.e., unauthorized personnel attempting to board vessel, person found onboard without authorization, personnel leaving with what appears to be ship's equipment as well as "terrorism" scenarios, such as bomb threats, unidentified person in water adjacent to vessel. Ship Managers shall advise the ROS crew what outside resources are available to them for maintaining security (including local police, fire, Naval Investigative Service (NIS), Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), MSC, port authorities etc., and vessel systems.

4.3.8 Training for Crewmembers: Comply with Attachment J-13 for security training of personnel. For ROS crew members see "Training section" under Human Resources. For Fully Operational Status (FOS) crewmembers that join the vessel, security training is to be provided as part of vessel orientation.

4.3.9 Notification to the Maritime Administration: Throughout the performance period of the contract, notify the COTR of any layberth deficiency that may affect the security of the vessel.

4.3.10 Review the Vessel Security Plan provided by the Maritime Administration and ensure a statement of the Master's Authority (see also Section C.5.11.1) is contained. The vessel's Master is responsible for shipboard security in accordance with maritime law.

4.3.11 At Sea Security: Ship Managers and Masters shall provide for physical security while ships are at-sea, at-anchor, and in-port. The latest edition of COMSCINST 5530.3, Subj: MSC Ship Physical Security provides guidance. Reasonable, not total compliance, with this directive is required.. For example, if the vessel does not have a wash down system, the Ship Manager is not required to install one.

4.3.12 Master Briefing: Discuss with vessel Masters' their Phase O physical security duties, responsibilities, and options. Masters can assign additional officer and crew personnel to security duties, hire outside guards or request additional assistance from MSC Area subarea Commanders. However, such actions shall be reported on the daily POSREP (See CDRL O-0006) so that the COTR may assure funding is available.

4.3.13 Force Protection/Information Security. Be flexible and cooperate with the Maritime Administration and other authorized U.S. Government officials in the development and management of force protection and security. This includes:

1) Designating the FOS Chief Mate as the Force Protection Officer with commensurate collateral duties. (see Maritime Transportation Security Act) Note: this may be the 2nd Mate in ROS.

2) Obtaining and maintaining a list of all shipboard clearances and associated personnel data at all times.

3) Coordinating and tracking crew force protection and security training.

4) Maintaining custody of and inventorying and managing small arms, weapons, ammunition, CBR-D Personnel Protection.

5) Protect all classified documents and materials.

6) If small arms are issued to the vessel by MSC, maintain custody of them, determine when it is appropriate to use small arms, and issue same to qualified personnel.

7) Ensure all crewmembers are trained in physical security procedures. This may be incorporated into damage control drills. Ensure five (5) ROS crewmembers have small arms training (see Attachment J-13).

8) Ensure the Maritime Administration-provided check-list is used for determining who is eligible for anti-terrorism property custody and training.

4.3.13.1 Force Protection Report, Provide to the Maritime Administration on a quarterly basis updates to NS5 force protection training spreadsheet. This spreadsheet contains information on force protection readiness of crews and vessels and is similar to the information required at activation. (CDRL Sec 006).

4.3.14 Facility Clearance and Classified Materials Manager: Ship Managers shall obtain a DOD facility clearance and maintain a classified materials manager throughout the performance period of the contract. The Ship Manager shall develop and promulgate directives for the handling, retention, safeguarding, and disposition of classified materials. During vessel deactivation no classified material shall be retained onboard ship which will not be needed within ninety (90) days. All classified material, when ready for destruction, must be destroyed in accordance with the DOD Security Manual for Industrial Facilities. (CDRL SEC-0004)

4.3.15 Security Clearances for Mission Operations: The ship manager shall provide three officers with Secret clearances, two of whom must be the Master or Chief Mate and the Chief Engineer.

SECTION G -- CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA

G.1 GOVERNMENT FORMS

Government forms may be obtained from the following: http://www.gsa.gov/portal/forms/type/TOP

G.2 TYPE OF CONTRACT

a. This is a Firm-Fixed-Price (FFP) service contract with cost reimbursable items and priced options subject to Economic Price Adjustment (EPA), Service Contract Act (SCA), and Fair Labor Standard Act (FLSA).

b. All items listed in Section B shall be Firm-Fixed-Priced except for those items identified as reimbursable items and identified options. (see also Attachment J-9, Reimbursables)

c. This is a multi-year contract except for group 6 (CAPE JACOB).

(1) It is anticipated that the services to be performed hereunder will be incrementally funded for each performance period. Performance periods beyond year 1 will be subject to availability of funds.

(2) Awards resulting in a multiyear contract are subject to FAR 17.106-1 which requires the establishment of cancellation ceilings in the second and subsequent base program years, where a reduction in funds or program requirements may mandate cancellation of all or some part of this contract, before the completion date in effect at contract award. These cancellation ceilings will be determined by the PCO based upon an analysis of the nonrecurring costs identified by offerors in their proposals and will be incorporated in Section B, upon contract award.

(i) Base Contract - If the base multi-year contract for a Ship Group is cancelled under FAR 52.217-2, Cancellation Under Multiyear Contracts, the cancellation ceiling set forth for that Ship Group in Section B for the program year cancelled shall apply. The ceiling applies to cancellation of an entire group.

(ii) Incentive Award Term Option - Consistent with FAR 17.107, the "cancellation ceiling" for each program year of a multi-year Incentive Award Term Option shall be zero ($0.00). Consequently, if an Incentive Award Term Option is cancelled, the contractor shall not be entitled to any cancellation charges under FAR 52.217-2.

d. Reimbursable items are defined in Attachment J-9. They are compensated at cost; no overhead, materials handling costs, G&A, or profit may be added to these items, regardless of their cumulative effect.

e. Adjustments to Per Diem Rates

1. Base Years. There shall be no adjustments for per diem in Phase M in Section B for the four (4) base years of the performance period, as all escalations are to be included in the firm fixed price. Offerors shall include wages and fringe benefits which cannot be less than the predecessor contractors' CBA/MOUs as identified in DOL issued wage determinations.

2. Award Term Incentive Options

(i) The Base Year 4 fixed price Per Diem rates for "ROS (with crew)" CLINs will be escalated as follows:

(1) Price adjustments to the "Crew Costs" element (which included ROS crew wages and bona-fide fringe benefits) will be made in accordance with FAR Clause 52.222-43 Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract-Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts); and

(2) The element "other fixed price" costs will be escalated utilizing the Consumer Price Index as stipulated below.

(3) It is essential that Ship Managers provide Collective Bargaining Agreement Memorandum of Understandings (CBA/MOUs) applicable to the next Contract Year to the Contracting Officer by not later than June 1 prior to commencement of the next Contract Year beginning July 28. Ship Managers are to ensure timely conclusion of negotiations with their respective labor unions as needed to meet the June 1 due date. Future adjustments to Crew Costs as an element of Per Diem rates will not be made unless supporting documentation is submitted. A revised Wage Determination will be obtained from Department of Labor and incorporated in the contract to support adjustments in Per Diem rates. In transmitting the signed CBA/MOUs to the Contracting Officer, Ship Managers are to summarize all changes made to current CBA terms and conditions.

(ii) The Base Year 4 fixed price Per Diem rates for CLINs without crew will be escalated year-to-year (July-June) utilizing the Consumer Price Index as stipulated below.

3. Incentive Options for Additional Vessels. Since the contract prices for the additional Vessel Option are based on the Base Year 4 prices, if an additional vessel is awarded, the per diem rate will be adjusted as above based on the year in which the option is exercised.

4. Consumer Price Index (CPI) for Escalation During Contract Performance. In order to calculate inflation for contract option years, the PCO will utilize the Table Containing History of CPI-U U.S. All Items Indexes and Annual Percent Changes From 1913 to Present. A link to this table is found at the following URL:

ftp://ftp.bls.gov/pub/special.requests/cpi/cpiai.txt

The PCO will use the fixed price per diem from the previous contract year, excluding the crew cost element, as the base rate that is subject to escalation using CPI-U index series data. The escalation calculation will use the CPI-U Index data for June which is announced in mid-July just prior to the effective date of the adjustment. The resulting escalated fixed price per diem, excluding the crew cost element, will become the base rate for calculation of the next Economic Price Adjustment in the subsequent Contract Year.

Two 12-month averages will be used in calculating the per diem adjustment for the other fixed price cost element. The first 12-month average is the average of the CPI-U index values for the most recent twelve monthly values (July-June); the second is the average of the CPI-U index values for the twelve months preceding the twelve months included in calculating the first average.

The per diem adjustment is directly proportional to the percent change in the two averages. The following sample calculation is provided to demonstrate the calculation methodology of the escalation adjustment.

Sample Calculation

Value	Description
$2,000.00	Non-crew cost element of fixed price per diem
July 16, 2013	Date of release of June 2013 data
July 28, 2013	Effective date of adjustment
218.000	Average CPI Index Value for period July 2011 - June 2012
223.000	Average CPI Index Value for period July 2012 - June 2013

Per Diem Adjustment Calculation: $2,000.00 X (223.000 - 218.000)/218.000 = $45.87
New Fixed Price Per Diem: $2,000.00 + $45.87 = $2,045.87

G.3 DIRECTIONS BY GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL

a. Except as specified in paragraph b. below, no order, statement, or conduct of government personnel who visit the Ship Manager's facilities or in any other manner communicate with Ship Manager personnel during the performance of this contact shall constitute a change under the "changes" clause of this contract.

b. The Ship Manager shall not comply with any order, direction or request of Government personnel that it considers to be outside the scope of the contract, unless issued in writing and signed by the PCO or ACO, or as otherwise directed by this contract.

G.4 CONTRACTING OFFICER'S TECHNICAL REPRESENTATIVE (COTR)

a. The PCO/ACO may designate Government personnel to act as the COTR to perform functions under the contract, such as review and/or inspection and acceptance of supplies, services, including construction, and other functions of a technical nature. The CO will provide a written notice of such designation to the Contractor after contract award and before NTP. The designation letter shall set forth the authorities and limitations of the COTR under the contract. The PCO will designate the Chief, Division of Ship Maintenance and Repair as a HQ COTR on all contracts. Ship Managers shall attempt to reach the Maritime Administration COTR/ACOTRs BEFORE contacting MAR-611.

b. The PCO/ACO cannot authorize the COTR, or any other representative, to sign documents (i.e. contracts, contract modifications, etc.) that require the signature of a CO.

c. The COTR may request the appointment of Assistant Contracting Officer Technical Representatives (ACOTRs) by the ACO. Such written requests shall be made to the respective ACOs, or in the case of headquarters personnel, to the PCO. ACOTRs shall be appointed in writing by the PCO/ACO, and a copy of this appointment letter provided to each affected Ship Manager. The appointment letter shall specify the name, inclusive dates, and specific limits to the authority of that person appointed.

G.5 DUTIES OF THE CONTRACTING OFFICER'S TECHNICAL REPRESENTATIVE (COTR)

a. The COTR is responsible for monitoring the assigned technical aspects of the contract and acts as the technical liaison with the Ship Manager. The COTR is also responsible for the final inspection and acceptance of all reports, and such other responsibilities as specified in their assignment letter. In the event of emergency situations, which threaten the safety of life, limb or property, the Ship Manager shall immediately take all necessary actions; to include expenditure of such funds as may be necessary to preclude such dangers. The Ship Manager shall notify

the Maritime Administration ACO and COTR of any such emergency expenditure as soon as possible. A proper TO will be issued at the earliest opportunity practicable.

b. Except as stated elsewhere, the COTR is not authorized to make any commitments or otherwise obligate the Government for any changes, which affect the contract price, terms or conditions. Any contractor request for changes shall be referred to the ACO directly or through the respective Maritime Administration COTR. No such changes shall be made without the prior authorization of the PCO.

c. The COTR may be changed by the Government at any time, and notification of the change shall be provided in writing to the contractor by the ACO or PCO for headquarters personnel.

G.6 DESIGNATION OF GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL

a. The PCO for this contract is:

Ms. Sabrina Phillips
Office of Acquisition, (MAR 380)
1200 New Jersey Avenue SE
West Building W26-422
Washington, DC 20590
Phone: 202.366.9684
FAX: 202.366.3029
Email: Sabrina.Phillips@dot.gov

b. The Chief of the Contracting Office (COCO) for all Divisional Administrative Contracting Offices is:

Ms. Melinda Simmons-Healy
Office of Acquisition, (MAR 380)
7737 Hampton Blvd., Bldg. 19, Suite 300
Norfolk, VA 23505
Phone: 757.322.5819
Cell: 757.268.6932
FAX: 757.322.5858
Email: Melinda.Simmons-Healy@dot.gov

c. Maritime Administration personnel responsible for informing Ship Managers of alert notifications and providing activation authorization are:

MARAD HEADQUARTERS

Mr. William Cahill
MAR 610, Director, Office of Ship Operations
Phone: 202.366.1875
Cell: 202.309.4608
FAX for HQ: 202.366.3954

Mr. Eugene Magee
MAR 610.1, Deputy Director, Office of Ship Operations
Phone: 202.366.5073
Cell: 202.309-0392

Mr. Paul Gilmour
MAR 611, Chief, Division of Maintenance and Repair

Phone: 202.366.1882
Cell: 202.309.4609

Mr. Russell Alan Krause
MAR 612, Chief, Division of Sealift Operations
Phone: 202.366.1031
Cell phone: 202.309.9383

Mr. Mike Franklin
MAR 612, Division of Sealift Operations
Phone: 202.366.2628
Cell: 202.309.0397

DIVISION OF ATLANTIC OPERATIONS

Mr. Jeffrey McMahon
Vessel Operations & Maintenance Officer
Phone: 757.322.5816
Cell: 757.287.8471
FAX: 757.322.5857

Mrs. Susan Barba
Staff Shipping Representative
Phone: 757.322.5802
Cell: 757.268.7074

Mr. William Ingram
Supervisory Marine Surveyor
Phone: 757.322.5805
Cell: 757.848.8400

Mr. Richard Goldthwaite
Supervisory Marine Surveyor
Phone: 757.322.5811
Cell: 757.287.0471

DIVISION OF GULF OPERATIONS

Mr. Deepak Varshney
Vessel Operations & Maintenance Officer
Phone: 504.589.2000 x227
Cell: 202.379.6968
Fax: 409.833.9664

Mr. Kris Verma
Staff Shipping Representative
Phone: 409.833.9696 x26
Cell: 409.284.1332

Mr. Robert Babin
Supervisory Marine Surveyor, New Orleans, LA
Phone: 504.589.2000 x226
Cell: 504.218.6501

Mr. Billy Greer
Supervisory Marine Surveyor, Beaumont, TX
Phone: 409.833.9696 x27
Cell: 409.284.1427

DIVISION OF PACIFIC OPERATIONS

Mr. Hank Ryan
Vessel Operations & Maintenance Officer
Phone: 415.744.2577
Cell: 415.740.9886
FAX: 415.744.2576

Mr. Simon Tao
Staff Shipping Representative
Phone: 415.744.2579
Cell: 415.740.4230

Mr. Chuck Johnston
Supervisory Marine Surveyor
Phone: 415.744.2585
Cell: 415.740.9885

Mr. Kevin Dwyer
Supervisory Marine Surveyor
Phone: 415.744.2588
Cell: 415.740.4236

d. Authorities

a. Director/Deputy Director of Acquisition (MAR-380) appoints the PCO.
b. The PCO retains the authority to solicit, award and modify the basic terms and conditions of the contract. The PCO shall delegate, in writing, specific authorities to the ACO.
c. Chief of Contracting Office (COCO) is delegated the authority to appoint qualified ACOs and may perform all the duties of ACO.

ACO has the authority to appoint COR/COTRs and ACOR/COTRs.

G.7 CLAIMS AND LITIGATION

G.7.1 THIRD PARTY TORT ACTIONS IN ADMIRALTY

G.7.1.1 The Ship Manager is considered the agent of the United States within the meaning of the Suits in Admiralty Act (SIAA), the Public Vessels Act, and the Admiralty Extension Act for all third party tort actions in admiralty cognizable under the Jones Act, General Maritime Law, or the Clarification Act, inclusive of claims for maintenance and cure. Such actions include, but are not limited to, claims for death or injury to crew members or invitees, claims for maintenance and cure, claims for illness to crew members, and claims for property damage to third parties.

G.7.1.1.1 The Ship Manager is not an agent of the United States under the Contract Disputes Act and nothing contained herein shall be deemed to extend to the Ship Manager the status of "agent of the United States" under

any laws relating to contracts. (see Section G.7.2) Neither is the Ship Manager an agent of the United States for non-admiralty actions, particularly employer/employee disputes. (see Section G.7.3)

G.7.1.2 Actions covered by G.7.1.1 must be brought exclusively against the United States. See the Suits in Admiralty Act (SIAA), 46 U.S.C. §741, et seq., which makes the United States the exclusive defendant for all admiralty cases relating to the activities of its agents.

G.7.1.3 The United States will defend the Ship Manager in actions covered by Section G.7.1.1. Such defense will usually be provided through the United States Department of Justice. By entering into this contract, the Ship Manager hereby agrees to accept the representation of the United States in such legal proceedings. The United States will have the sole discretion to determine whether to settle such suits and the United States will control the conduct of the litigation.

G.7.1.3.1 The Ship Manager may, at its own expense, retain legal counsel to work with the United States in defending any claim or suit.

G.7.1.4 Except as set forth in Section G.7.4, Indemnification, the United States bears the sole financial risk for all actions covered by Section G.7.1.1, for which the RRF vessel, the United States, or the Ship Manager is liable provided the liability arose out of the Ship Manager's performance of this contract and the Ship Manager was acting within the scope of this contract.

G.7.2 SUBCONTRACTOR CONTRACT CLAIMS AND DISPUTES

When the Ship Manager acquires products or services as a prime contractor from a subcontractor under the procedures set forth in Attachment J-2, the Ship Manager is not an agent of the United States. Under the Contract Disputes Act the subcontractor has no direct right to sue the United States or the Maritime Administration for claims and disputes arising under its contract with the Ship Manager since there is no privity of contract between such subcontractor and the Maritime Administration. Therefore, any contract disputes, claims or litigation between the Ship Manager and its subcontractor(s) shall be the responsibility of the Ship Manager consistent with Attachment J-2.

G.7.2.1 The Ship Manager shall comply with the provisions in Attachment J-2 to ensure subcontractor and their agents and employees are properly notified that the vessel is a public vessel NOT subject to maritime liens. (Attachment J-20)

G.7.3 THIRD PARTY ACTIONS NOT IN ADMIRALTY

G.7.3.1 All liability for third party actions which do not lie in admiralty shall be the sole responsibility of the Ship Manager, not the United States, its agents, servants, and employees, nor the vessels owned by the United States. Such liability includes, but is not limited to, all costs of legal representation. Examples of third party actions which do not lie in admiralty include, but are not limited to:

(a) All employer/employee claims or suits brought by the seamen employed by the Ship Manager or by their union, either via arbitration or in court, i.e.:

(i) Allegations of discrimination, including sexual harassment. Discrimination claims include, but are not limited to, those claims arising under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. sections 2000e

et seq.), the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, as amended (29 U.S.C. sections 621 et seq.), and the Americans with Disabilities Act, as amended, (42 U.S.C. sections 12117 et seq.); or

(ii) Employment disputes like disciplinary action undertaken by the Ship Manager against its employee; or

(iii) Enforcement of the terms of the CBAs between the Ship Manager and its unions.

(b) Lawsuits or administrative proceedings brought by federal, state or local authorities alleging the Ship Manager violated federal, state or local laws or regulations; i.e., OSHA or environmental laws and regulations.

G.7.4 INDEMNIFICATION

G.7.4.1 Notwithstanding anything in this contract to the contrary, particularly Section G.7, the Ship Manager agrees to indemnify and hold the United States, the Maritime Administration, and its employees and agents harmless from any damages, loss, or injury resulting either directly or indirectly from:

(a) acts of Gross Negligence, Willful Misconduct or Violations of Law or Regulations of the Senior Management of the Ship Manager; or

(b) acts of Gross Negligence, Willful Misconduct or Violations of Law or Regulations performed by employees, servants, contractors, subcontractors, suppliers or agents of the Ship Manager and which occurred with the Privity or Knowledge of Senior Management of the Ship Manager; or
(c) all third party actions covered by Section G.7.3; or

(d) all maritime liens by third parties where the Ship Manager or its subcontractors or agents failed to notify a third party as required in Attachment J-2, that the vessel was a public vessel not subject to lien under the Maritime Lien Act; or

(e) damage caused by a subcontractor or its agents or employees during the performance of their work which is reimbursable by insurance, an indemnification clause or other similar provision required by Attachment J-2.

G.7.4.2 Such indemnification shall be provided upon the Maritime Administration's request or, if necessary, the United States may bring a legal action, either directly or in a third party action, against the Ship Manager and/or individuals working for the Ship Manager, for damages, loss, or injury to the United States.

G.7.4.3 Definitions (for purposes of this section):

(a) Senior Management means those individuals responsible for senior management of the Ship Manager's organization with respect to major components of any of its operations relating to the NDRF or RRF vessels. Senior Management will include the chief executive officer, president, vice president(s), and head(s) of vessel operations for the Ship Manager.

(b) Privity or Knowledge means that the relevant individuals had either personal cognizance of the circumstances, which either caused or contributed to the claim or the means to obtain that knowledge of which such person should have availed itself.

(c) Gross Negligence means harm that is willfully inflicted or caused by a wanton disregard of a duty of care.

(d) Third Party means all persons who are not parties to this contract.

(e) Violation of Law or Regulation means instances where civil or criminal liability results from a violation of a law or regulation that falls on the vessel, the United States and/or the Ship Manager. A Violation of Law or Regulation will not be deemed to occur for purposes of this definition when liability occurs without fault on the part of Ship Manager.

(f) Willful Misconduct means conduct that is either intentional or committed under circumstances exhibiting a reckless disregard for the safety of others, such as a failure after knowledge of impending danger to exercise ordinary care or a failure to discover the dangers through recklessness or carelessness.

G.7.5 DUTY OF COOPERATION

G.7.5.1 The Ship Manager has a duty to fully cooperate in the defense of any claim or action (whether or not such claim or action is in admiralty) for which the United States bears a financial risk or a responsibility to defend.

G.7.5.1.1 As soon as practicable after the occurrence of any claim or suit, or any loss or damage for which the Ship Manager believes the United States is at risk under this contract; the Ship Manager shall immediately furnish the assigned ACO, with a copy to the assigned COTR, detailed written notice of such claim, suit, loss, and/or damage as well as a copy of every demand, notice, summons, complaint, or other process received by the Ship Manager or its employees or representatives.

G.7.5.1.2 The Ship Manager will cooperate with the Government and, upon request, will assist in effecting settlements, securing and giving evidence, technical advice, and obtaining the attendance of witnesses for consultation, depositions, and trials. Such information, advice, evidence and documentation will be given by the Ship Manager to the United States in the manner and form the United States requires.

G.8 CLAIMS AND REPORTS

G.8.1 Claims by crew members shall be processed in accordance with the provisions listed in Attachment J-3, Supplement A, Seafarer's Personal Injury/Illness Claims.

G.8.2 Claims submitted by ROS crew members are subject to the same processing of Attachment J-3. However, since ROS seamen do not sign articles, they are not entitled to unearned wages.

G.8.3 Report of Injuries/Illness. The Ship Manager shall submit quarterly (Oct, Jan, Apr, Jun) reports of injuries/illness via email in addition to the information required in Attachment J-3, Supplement A, Section 5. Submissions for multiple ships or contracts may be combined, and shall be provided to the ACO, COTR, MAR-782(J. Myers) and MAR-610.5 (J. Barile).

G.8.4 On an annual basis (prior to the close of the fiscal year) the Ship Manager shall reconcile TO closeouts and notify the ACO/COTR of any excess funding deobligation on any TO which was issued in connection with Maintenance and Cure. The Ship Manager shall provide a revised estimate of anticipated obligations for the upcoming fiscal year. The Government will provide new funding with the next fiscal year allotments.
G.8.5 Upon reporting that a case is closed, Ship Managers shall advise the ACO so that TOs with any remaining reserve funding may be liquidated.

G.9 MEDICAL INVOICE REVIEW SERVICES

Medical Invoice Review services shall be obtained by the Ship Manager from competent commercial sources. Ship Managers shall obtain the use of a third party to assist with reviewing and validating costs submitted on medical invoices. A copy of the service agreement shall be provided to the ACO within sixty (60) days of contract award. Ship Managers shall obtain a medical invoice review service, which operates on a percentage of savings basis. If it is impossible to obtain a percentage payment service, then the cost of this service is reimbursable.

G.10 MINIMUM WORKING CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

G.10.1 Irrevocable Line of Credit. The Ship Manager shall maintain an irrevocable line of credit of at least $250,000 per ship with a federally insured bank or financial institution. The form and substance of this line of credit shall:

a. be dedicated solely for the purpose of vessel activations under the Ship Manager contract;

b. remain in effect throughout the life of this contract, without change or alteration, without prior approval of the Maritime Administration's ACO;

c. as part of the provisions of this irrevocable line of credit, the bank or financial institution providing same shall notify the MARAD Office of Financial Approvals of any changes in the outstanding amount, form or substance of the line of credit. This may be accomplished by the bank providing copies of any statements, which are provided to the Ship Manager;

d. the bank or financial institution must be federally insured; and

e. the terms of all proposed irrevocable lines of credit should first be determined acceptable by the Maritime Administration's Office of Financial Approvals. The Ship Manager shall notify the ACO if there is any change in the status of their $250,000 line of credit per ship.

G.10.2 Alternative. Where a firm has sufficient financial resources to meet the $250,000 per ship financial requirements, and wishes to rely on those resources instead of obtaining a line of credit, the Maritime Administration will consider this alternative financing. To receive the Maritime Administration's approval for this alternative, a firm must submit, with their proposal, a current audited financial statement of the firm or the parent, as appropriate, for the Maritime Administration's approval. In addition, firms receiving awards shall submit to the PCO, for Maritime Administration's approval, an annual audited financial statement each year of the contract.

G.11 TASK ORDERS - REIMBURSABLE

G.11.1 General

(1) Any reimbursable supplies and services to be furnished by the Ship Manager under this contract shall be authorized by issuance of TOs.

(2) All TOs are subject to the terms and conditions of this contract. In the event of conflict between a TO and this contract, the contract shall have precedence.

G.11.2 Issuance

(1) The scope of TOs may vary greatly. The Ship Manager shall not commence work until they receive a TO executed by an authorized Maritime Administration CO.

(2) Prior to issuance of a TO, the Ship Manager shall submit a written specification, cost estimate and time estimate, for completion of the required work. The specification will be reviewed, approved or modified by the Maritime Administration prior to issuance of a TO. At a minimum, the cost estimate shall include the labor and material costs for each work item. (See PWS in Section C)

(3) A TO is considered issued when posted electronically and notification is sent to the Ship Manager.

G.11.3 Acceptance of the Task Order

(1) Implied Acceptance. Acceptance of the TO by the Ship Manager shall be implied if, after three (3) working days of receipt, the Ship Manager has not notified the ACO, either orally or in writing, of problems and/or disagreements with the TO.

(2) After the commencement of performance under the TO, the Ship Manager shall notify the COTR in writing of the need for required revisions, or to request additional funds.

G.11.4 Expedition of Task Order(s) for Activation(s)

(1) Upon receipt of an activation notice, the ACO will communicate to the Ship Manager the number of the task order that will be used for Activation.

(2) The Ship Manager may then use the activation Task Order number within RMS to facilitate timely issuance of commercial purchase orders in support of the activation efforts.

(3) The executed Task Order will be issued within three working days of the receipt of funding.

G.12 EXPENDITURE AND TRACKING OF REIMBURSABLE FUNDS

G.12.1 Upon receipt of the executed TO, the Ship Manager may proceed in accordance with procedures in Attachment J-2.

G.12.2 It is the Ship Manager's responsibility to track all funds expended under reimbursable TOs. The SM shall develop a system, which tracks funds obligated and funds available on each TO. Funds shall be further tracked to show the status of purchase order(s) (PO) issued, funds obligated and expended, and PO closed out. The system shall further track the PO to the deficiency(ies) covered by the TO. At times, a PO may cover several deficiency(ies). Alternatively, a deficiency(ies) DSN may require the use of several POs. The tracking system must be able to accommodate such possibilities. The Maritime Administration may request a copy of the tracking document on an "as needed" basis, or as often as monthly.

G.13 PURCHASING RESTRICTIONS

a. Interested or Related Company. Agreements or arrangements with any interested company to render any reimbursable service or to furnish any reimbursable stores, supplies, equipment, materials, repairs or facilities hereunder shall be submitted to the ACO for approval. Unless and until such agreements or arrangements have

been approved, compensation paid to any interested or related company shall be subject to review and readjustment by the ACO, who may deny payments, in whole or in part, if such compensation is deemed to be inappropriate or unreasonable.

b. The term "interested company" shall mean any person, firm, or corporation in whom the Ship Manager or related company of the Ship Manager, may own any substantial financial interest therein, either directly or indirectly. An "interested company" shall also exist when any substantial financial interest in the company (either directly or indirectly) rests with:

1) immediate family members of the Ship Manager
2) any employee of the Ship Manager who is charged with executive or supervisory duties or
3) any member of the immediate family of any such officer, director, employee or
4) any officer or director of any related company of the Ship Manager or
5) any member of the immediate family of any officer or director of any related company of the Ship Manager.

c. The term "related Company" as used to indicate a relationship with the Ship Manager for the purpose of this Article only, shall include any person or concern that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by, or is under common control with the Ship Manager. The term "control" (including the term "controlled by" or "under common control with") as used herein, means possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of the Ship Manager (or related company) whether through ownership or control of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.

G.14 TYPES OF INVOICES

a. All invoices shall be submitted for one of the following two (2) categories:
(1) Fixed Price CLIN.
(2) Reimbursable CLIN.

b. General. The Ship Manager shall submit invoices in accordance with Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-125, Prompt Payment, and FAR 52.232-25, Prompt Payment (Oct 2003), as described herein. All invoices shall be submitted electronically via the Maritime Administration DOT Electronic Invoice Systems (EIS), at https://marweb.marad.dot.gov/eis/.

c. Ship Manager shall submit invoices in accordance with instructions contained on the EIS website.

G.15 TRAVEL REQUIREMENTS

G.15.1 Reimbursable travel performed by the Ship Manager, subcontractors and crew, in direct performance of this contract will be reimbursed on an actual and allowable basis. Travel costs for subsistence and lodging shall not exceed the Federal Travel Regulations (FTR) at http://gsa.gov/portal/category/21222, except as stated in FAR 31.205-46.

(1) Vouchers are required when submitting travel claims.
(2) Crew members may submit claims without itemized receipts for subsistence and lodging at the current rate set in labor agreements, if less than the FTR rate.

(3) The Contractor shall use only coach or economy airfares while performing travel under this contract, unless otherwise authorized by the ACO. For travel performed on a cost reimbursable basis all cost documentation must accompany invoices for reimbursement except as identified above.

G.15.2 The Federal Travel directory will be used to verify current maximum allowable subsistence and lodging rates.

G.15.3 Requests for travel reimbursement shall be clearly identified and submitted on a SF 1012, Travel Voucher (Attachment J-18) or other form acceptable to the ACO. Requests for reimbursement of travel expenses, including supporting documentation thereof, shall not include commingled reimbursable and fixed price travel cost data.

G.16 METHOD OF PAYMENTS

(1) The Ship Manager shall forward the information required below, to the Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, MAR-333, Room 7325, 400 7th street, S.W. Washington, DC 20590, not later than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the notice of award. It is the Ship Manager's responsibility to furnish changes promptly to avoid payments to erroneous addresses or bank accounts.

(2) Electronic Funds Transfer Payment Methods. Payments under this contract will be made by the Government either by check or electronic funds transfer (EFT) (through the Automated Clearing House (ACH)), at the option of the Government. Submit a completed SF 3881 (Attachment J-11) to the address above in (1). The SF 3881 designates a financial institution for receipt of EFT payments. See the clause in Section I, FAR 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer - Central Contractor Registration (Oct 2003).

G.17 CONTRACTORS PURCHASING SYSTEM REVIEW REQUIREMENTS

The Maritime Administration requires all contractors to submit procedures for approval of their purchasing system within ninety (90) days of NTP. Attachment J-2 contains the policies and procedures for meeting Maritime Administration's requirements.

G.18 POST AWARD CONFERENCE

A post-award conference may be held within the first sixty (60) days after award. Attendees will include the Maritime Administration CO/ACO, the COTR or ACOTR, and other personnel deemed necessary to represent the Government. The Ship Manager (Contractor) may be represented by the Ship Manager's employees as deemed appropriate. This conference will be scheduled for a time mutually agreeable to the Ship Manager and to the Government. The purpose of this conference is to review the terms and conditions of the contract, to discuss technical matters pertaining to contract performance, and to address any questions brought forth by either the Ship Manager or the Government.

[END OF SECTION G]

TE-7 Phase O Ship Sea Speeds (3/2012)

Ship Name	Propulsion Type	RRF Max Speed (KTS)	RRF Ops Speed (KTS)
CAPE DECISION	MSD	17.1	16.2
CAPE DIAMOND	MSD	17.1	16.2
CAPE DOMINGO	MSD	17.1	16.2
CAPE DOUGLAS	MSD	17.1	16.2
CAPE DUCATO	MSD	17.1	16.2
CAPE EDMONT	MSD	17.1	16.2
CAPE RACE	MSD	19	18
CAPE RAY	MSD	19	18
CAPE RISE	MSD	19	18
CAPE WASHINGTON	LSD	17	16
CAPE WRATH	LSD	17	16
CORNHUSKER STATE	STM	18.5	17
FLICKERTAIL STATE	STM	18.5	17
GOPHER STATE	STM	18.5	17
WRIGHT	STM	20	18.7
CAPE MAY	STM	18.3	16.8
POLLUX	STM	30	27
REGULUS	STM	30	27
ANTARES	STM	30	27
DENEBOLA	STM	30	27
CAPE KENNEDY	LSD	17.6	16.6
CAPE KNOX	LSD	17.6	16.6
CAPE TAYLOR	MSD	16.2	15.2
CAPE TEXAS	MSD	16.7	15.7
CAPE TRINITY	MSD	16.7	15.7
CAPE VICTORY	LSD	16	15
CAPE VINCENT	LSD	16	15
PETERSBURG	STM	14	13.5
CAPE FAREWELL	STM	19.8	18.7
CAPE FLATTERY	STM	19.8	18.7
ALTAIR	STM	30	27
BELLATRIX	STM	30	27
ADMIRAL CALLAGHAN	GT	23	21.3
CAPE ORLANDO	LSD	18.5	17
CAPE INSCRIPTION	STM	20.5	18.9
CAPE INTREPID	STM	20.5	18.9

Ship Name	Propulsion Type	RRF Max Speed (KTS)	RRF Ops Speed (KTS)
CAPE ISABEL	STM	20.5	18.9
CAPE ISLAND	STM	20.5	18.9
GEM STATE	STM	18	17
GRAND CANYON ST.	STM	18	17
KEYSTONE STATE	STM	18	17
CURTISS	STM	20	18.7
CAPE MOHICAN	STM	18.3	16.8
ALGOL	STM	**30**	27
CAPELLA	STM	**30**	27
CAPE HORN	LSD	**18.5**	**17.4**
CAPE HUDSON	LSD	**18.5**	**17.4**
CAPE HENRY	LSD	**18.5**	**17.4**